Community Living North Bay Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2021

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Community Living North Bay

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Community Living North Bay (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2021, the statements of operations, the statement of changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the organization as at March 31, 2021, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the organization derives revenue from fundraising activities the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the organization. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to fundraising revenue, excess of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, current assets as at March 31, 2021 and 2020, and net assets as at April 1 and March 31 for both the 2021 and 2020 years. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 was not modified because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

North Bay, Ontario June 14, 2021

Community Living North Bay Statement of Financial Position

March 31	2021	2020
Assets		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,312,920	
Short-term investments (Note 3)	106,825	83,136
Accounts receivable (Note 4)	411,987	315,111
	2,831,732	1,997,658
Capital assets (Note 5)	9,783,826	9,882,094
	\$12,615,558	\$ 11,879,752
Linkiliting and Not Assets		
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6)	\$ 1,980,288	\$ 1,832,927
Deferred revenue (Note 7)	1,063,118	350,909
Current portion of mortgages and loans payable (Note 8)	202,948	104,103
	3,246,354	2,287,939
Mortgages and loans payable (Note 8)	2,503,821	3,037,794
Deferred capital contributions (Note 10)	2,914,526	3,096,593
	8,664,701	8,422,326
Net Assets		
Internally restricted - Perpetual funds	61,000	61,000
Internally restricted - Designated funds - Trust Internally restricted - Designated funds - Donations	6,238	6,232
and fundraising	36,202	36,202
Unrestricted	3,847,417	3,353,992
	3,950,857	3,457,426
	\$12,615,558	\$ 11,879,752

Commitments (Note 13) Uncertainty due to COVID-19 (Note 14)

On behalf of the Board:

Direction Direction

Community Living North Bay Statement of Operations

For the year ended March 31	2021	2020
Revenues		
Province of Ontario - core funding Transfer to deferred revenue Province of Ontario - pandemic funding (Note 14) DNSSAB funding Transfer to deferred revenue Resident rent Restaurant sales Other revenue MSN health Passport Urgent response Specialized accommodations Donations and fundraising	\$14,957,876 (600,920) 1,124,904 1,934,774 (308,844) 717,180 67,006 440,025 244 481,689	\$ 13,768,819 2,146,765 (269,985) 653,684 187,709 869,023 487 1,000,490 32,321 118,031 67,940
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments Amortization of deferred capital contributions (Note 10)	23,689 188,647	(9,559) 157,150
Amoreization of deferred capital contributions (Note 10)	19,099,582	18,722,875
Expenses		
Salaries Benefits Building occupancy (Note 8) Food Parent / provider subsidy Program Professional services Transportation Training Medical and health related Office administration Promotion and publicity Respite subsidy Outcomes Programs Fundraising Donations Amortization	12,726,556 2,131,753 1,076,300 739,074 374,367 301,622 210,509 179,431 108,517 92,512 81,114 55,434 46,024 6,788 1,399 700 474,051	12,328,836 2,084,756 1,162,089 659,345 367,489 337,151 280,542 236,827 78,448 36,721 72,352 29,454 48,335 7,587 19,921 2,853 421,647
Excess of revenues over expenses before other items	493,431	548,522
Gain on sale of capital assets		8,114
Excess of revenues over expenses for the year	\$ 493,431	

Community Living North Bay Statement of Changes in Net Assets

March 31					2021	2020
	Internally Restricted - Perpetual Fund	Internally Restricted - Designated Funds -Trust	Internally Restricted - Designated Funds - Donations and Fundraising		Total	Total
Balance - beginning of year	\$ 61,000	\$ 6,232	\$ 36,202	\$ 3,353,992	\$3,457,426	\$ 2,804,790
Excess of revenues over expenses for the year Land contribution received	-	6	-	493,425 -	493,431 -	556,636 96,000
Balance - end of year	\$ 61,000	\$ 6,238	\$ 36,202	\$ 3,847,417	\$3,950,857	\$ 3,457,426

Community Living North Bay Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31		2021	2	.020
Cash provided by (used in)				
Operating activities				
Excess of revenues over expenses for the year Items not involving cash	\$	493,431	\$ 556,	636
Amortization of capital assets		474,051	421,	
Amortization of deferred contributions		(188,647)	(157,	
Gain on sale of capital assets	_	-	(8,	<u>114)</u>
		778,835	813,	019
Changes in non-cash working capital balances		(04 074)	24	07/
Accounts receivable		(96,876)	24,	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue		147,361 712,209	564, 100,	
Deferred revenue	_	712,209	100,	010
	_	1,541,529	1,503,	325
Investing activities				
(Increase) decrease in short-term investments		(23,689)	9,	559
Purchase of capital assets		(375,783)	(1,161,	690)
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets	_	-	8,	114
	_	(399,472)	(1,144,	017)
Financing activities				
Principal payments on mortgage and loans payable		(435,128)	(521,	649)
Contributions received for capital purposes		` 6,580 [′]	806,	,
		•	·	
	_	(428,548)	285,	0/4
Increase in cash and cash equivalents				
during the year		713,509	644,	382
• ,		·	,	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	1,599,411	955,0	029
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,312,920	\$ 1,599,	411

March 31, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business The organization is a non-profit organization created by

Letters Patent on June 2, 1976 in the jurisdiction of the Province of Ontario. Its principal activities consist of providing support to citizens with a developmental challenge

and their families.

Income Taxes The organization is a registered charity under the Income Tax

Act and as such is not subject to Canadian Income Taxes.

Basis of Accounting The financial statements have been prepared using Canadian

accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Cash and cash equivalents Management considers all highly liquid investments with

maturity of three months or less and acquisition to be cash

equivalents.

Financial Instruments Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when

acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, equities traded in an active market are reported at fair value with any unrealized gains and losses reported in statement of remeasurement gains and losses. All other financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less

impairment if applicable.

Financial instruments are tested for impairment when changes in circumstances indicate the asset could be impaired. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are expensed for those items remeasured at fair value at each statement of financial position date and charged to the financial instrument for

those measured at amortized cost.

Capital Assets Capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated

amortization. Amortization based on the estimated useful life of the asset is calculated as follows using the straight-

line method:

LandNo amortizationBuildings15-40 yearsPaving10 yearsSeptic systems10 yearsFurniture and equipment5 yearsVehicles4 years

March 31, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Recognition

Subsidy revenue is based on amounts approved by the Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services and the District of Nipissing Social Services Administration Board. Funding received which pertains to prior periods as well as any repayment of excess funding is recorded to the statement of operations under Other items as a prior period subsidy settlement.

Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized to revenue at rates corresponding to the related capital assets.

Deferred revenue results from funding received during the year from agreements which cover more than one fiscal year and represents the unexpended portion of that funding.

Donations are recognized as revenue when received. Restricted donations are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Resident rent, MSN health, Passport, Urgent response, Specialized Accommodations, and Restaurant sales revenue are recognized when products are delivered or services are provided.

Other revenue includes fees collected for services provided and are recognized as revenue when services are provided.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions and are based on management's best estimates include due from Ministry, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, amounts due to MCSS, deferred revenue and estimated future principal repayment of mortgages and loans payable. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

March 31, 2021

2. Financial Instruments

The following table provides cost and fair value information of financial instruments by category. The maximum exposure to credit risk would be the carrying value as shown below.

	below.	rearc	TISK Would I	Je ti	ie carrying	vac	2021
			Fair Value	A	mortized Co	st	Total
	Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments Accounts receivable	\$	2,312,920 106,825	\$	- - 411,987	\$	2,312,920 106,825 411,987
	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Mortgages and loan payable		-	\$	1,980,288 2,706,769	\$	1,980,288 2,706,769
		\$	2,419,745	\$	5,099,044	\$	7,518,789
3.	Short-term Investments				2021		2020
	Mutual Fund - Balanced (cost \$26,230) Mutual Fund - Canadian Dividend (cost \$34	4,770))	\$	53,798 53,027	\$	43,586 39,550
				\$	106,825	\$	83,136
4.	Accounts Receivable				2021		2020
					2021		2020
	Coughlin and Associates Hands - The Family Help Network HST rebate Family Service Toronto			\$	45,000 - 55,959 260,407	\$	45,000 22,308 67,260 114,050
	All other receivables				50,621		66,493
				\$	411,987	\$	315,111

March 31, 2021

5. Capital Assets

•			202	1		2020
	=	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
Land Buildings Paving Septic System Furniture and	796,152 12,006,034 97,563 157,372	3,491,358 83,469 154,439	796,152 8,514,676 14,094 2,933	796,152 11,777,215 97,563 157,372	3,190,706 78,109 152,179	796,152 8,586,509 19,454 5,193
equipment Vehicles Work in progress	2,958,276 1,056,843 	2,760,821 798,327 -	197,455 258,516 -	2,852,291 982,083 33,781	2,695,508 697,861 -	156,783 284,222 33,781

17,072,240 7,288,414 9,783,826 16,696,457 6,814,363 9,882,094

The Province of Ontario has a lien on the above noted land and buildings.

6. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

	 2021	2020
Trade payables Accrued salaries, vacation pay and benefits Accrued liabilities Due to funding agencies	\$ 417,526 876,096 14,242 672,424	\$ 328,827 857,729 273,312 373,059
	\$ 1,980,288	\$ 1,832,927

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities include \$191,296 (2020 - \$35,082) of government remittances.

March 31, 2021

7. Deferred Revenue

The organization receives funding from the Ministry, the DNSSAB and other agencies. The agreements which extend into the next fiscal year are deferred and recognized when spent.

	 2021	2020
DNSSAB - operating DNSSAB - Best Start Other MCCSS Subsidy (i) MCCSS Safe Return to School	\$ 308,844 19,633 133,721 350,300 250,620	\$ 269,985 19,633 61,291
	\$ 1,063,118	\$ 350,909

⁽i) The organization has received approval from the Ministry to carryover \$350,300 of unspent funding from 2020/21 to 2021/22 expenditure for the purpose of client and agency service requirements.

March 31, 2021

8.	Mortgages and Loans Payable		
		2021	2020
	Loan payable - 2.82% repayable at blended payments of \$1,030 per month, repaid in March 2021.	-	183,484
	Loan payable - 3.79% repayable at blended payments of \$896 per month, due January 18, 2024, secured by real property with a net book value of \$224,462.	164,614	169,034
	Loan payable - 1.70% repayable at blended payments of \$20,000 per month, due March 2022, secured by real property with a net book value of \$3,819,871.	2,542,155	2,789,379
		2,706,769	3,141,897
	Less amounts due within one year	202,948	104,103
		\$ 2,503,821	\$ 3,037,794

The estimated principal repayments for the next four years and thereafter are as follows:

2021	\$ 202,948
2022	206,524
2023	210,165
2024	213,873
Thereafter	 1,873,259
	\$ 2,706,769

Estimated principal repayment is based on assumption that loans will be renewed at similar terms and conditions.

Included in building occupancy is interest on long-term debt of \$88,708 (2020 - \$109,712).

March 31, 2021

9. Bank Loan/Credit Facilities

The organization has an operating line of credit of \$300,000 (2020 - \$300,000). The loan is secured by a general security agreement on various properties and bears interest at the bank's prime lending rate plus 0%. At year-end, \$Nil was drawn on this facility.

10. Deferred Capital Contributions

Deferred capital contributions represent restricted contributions towards the purchase of buildings, equipment and vehicles, which are recognized as revenue to the same extent that the related capital asset is amortized.

	2021	2020
Balance at beginning of year Add: Capital contributions received during the year Less: Amounts amortized to revenue	\$ 3,096,593 \$ 6,580 (188,647)	2,447,020 806,723 (157,150)
	\$ 2,914,526 \$	3,096,593

11. Economic Dependence

The organization receives a substantial portion of its revenue from the Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services and the District of Nipissing Social Services Administration Board and is dependent on those government organizations to deliver its programs.

March 31, 2021

12. Financial Instrument Risk Management

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The organization is exposed to credit risk resulting from the possibility that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument defaults on their financial obligations; if there is a concentration of transactions carried out with the same counterparty; or of financial obligations which have similar economic characteristics such that they could be similarly affected by changes in economic conditions. The organization's financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk relate primarily to the accounts receivable and cash and cash equivalents. The organization holds its cash accounts with federally regulated chartered banks who are insured by the Canadian Deposit Insurance Corporation. The organization's accounts receivable is made up of 63% amount from one organization (Note 4).

Market Risk

The risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The organization is exposed to fluctuations in equity markets on its short term investments which are invested in mutual fund units which are based in part in shares of various Canadian publicly traded corporations.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The organization is exposed to this risk through its loans payable. Certain of the organizations loans payable have variable interest rates which involves risks of default on interest and principal and price changes due to, without limitation, such factors as interest rates and general economic conditions.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the organization encounters difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities. Liquidly risk includes the risk that, as a result of operational liquidity requirements, the organization will not have sufficient funds to settle a transaction on the due date; will be forced to sell financial assets at a value which is less than what they are worth; or may be unable to settle or recover a financial asset. Liquidity risk arises from accounts payable, mortgages and loans payable and commitments.

March 31, 2021

13. Commitments

The organization has entered in various operating leases for premises and office equipment.

The minimum annual lease payments for the next three years are as follows:

2022	\$ 93,377
2023	92,520
2024	5,720

14. Uncertainty due to COVID-19

During the year, the impact of COVID-19 in Canada and on the global economy increased significantly. As the impacts of COVID-19 continue, there could be further impact on the organization, its funders and donors. Management is actively monitoring the affect on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. As a result, management anticipates a temporary decline in donation revenue and has postponed a number of its essential fundraisers. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the organization is not able to fully estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity at this time.

During the year, the organization has received pandemic funding to provide extra pay to the front-line staff of \$1,124,904. In addition, they have approval to defer MCCSS funding totaling \$600,920 to the next fiscal year to be used for the purpose of client and agency service requirements and safe return to school expenditures. .